## **APPENDIX A**

# Glossary

### **Action Codes**

- **Expulsion, placed in interim alternative educational setting (referral by school personnel)**: The student is expelled by an action of the school board of trustees from his/her current educational setting and placed in an interim alternative educational setting to continue receiving educational services. This includes both students with and without disabilities.
- **Expulsion**, <u>without services</u> The student is expelled by an action of the school board of trustees from all school district settings, with total cessation of educational services.
- **Suspension**, out-of-school, placed in interim alternative educational setting (referral by school personnel): The student is removed from his/her current educational setting in accordance with school district policy and placed in an interim alternative educational setting to receive education services. This includes both students with and without disabilities.
- **Suspension, out-of-school,** without services The student is removed from his/her current educational setting in accordance with school district policy and from all school district settings for a specified length of time during which the student does not receive educational services.

### **Expulsion**

Montana Statute 20-5-202, MCA, states that expulsion is a disciplinary action available only to the school district board of trustees. The board of trustees must adopt a policy defining the circumstances and procedures by which the trustees may expel a student.

The statute also states that the trustees of a district must adopt a policy for the expulsion of a student who is determined to have brought a firearm to school for not less than 1 year. However, the 1-year expulsion may be modified by the trustees on a case-by-case basis.

### **Incident Codes**

### **DRUGS**

- **Alcohol**: Violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or consumption of intoxicating alcoholic beverages or substances represented as alcohol. Suspicion of being under the influence of alcohol may be included if it results in disciplinary action.
- **Drugs (Excluding Alcohol and Tobacco)**: Unlawful use, cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, solicitation, purchase, possession, transportation, or importation of any controlled drug (e.g., Demerol, morphine) or narcotic substance.
- **3300 Tobacco**: Possession, use, distribution, or sale of tobacco products.

#### **OTHER**

- **Arson**: To unlawfully and intentionally damage, or attempt to damage, any school or personal property by fire or incendiary device. Firecrackers, fireworks, and trash can fires would be included in this category if they were contributing factors to a damaging fire.
- **1200** Attendance Policy Violation: Violation of school district, or school policy relating to attendance.

- **1400** Breaking and Entering/Burglary: Unlawful entry or attempted entry into a building or other structure with the intent to commit a crime.
- **1500 Disorderly Conduct**: Any act that disrupts the orderly conduct of a school function; behavior that substantially disrupts the orderly learning environment.
  - **Insubordination (Disobedience)**: Unwillingness to submit to authority, refusal to respond to a reasonable request, or other situations in which a student is disobedient.
  - **Obscene Behavior**: Language or actions, written, oral, physical, or electronic, in violation of community or school standards. Offenses could include displays of affection in violation of school policy, obscene written messages or electronic communication, obscene gestures or language/profanity.
  - **Physical Altercation, Minor**: Confrontation, tussle, or physical aggression that does not result in injury. Offenses could include pushing or shoving.
- 2900 Other Sexual Offenses (Lewd Behavior, Indecent Exposure): Sexual intercourse, sexual contact, or other behavior intended to result in sexual gratification without force or threat of force. Code statutory rape here. Note: Consider age and developmentally appropriate behavior before using this category.
- **Theft**: The unlawful taking of property belonging to another person <u>without threat, violence or bodily</u> harm. Electronic theft of data should be coded here.
- **Trespassing**: To enter or remain on a public school campus or school board facility without authorization or invitation and with no lawful purpose for entry.
- **3500** Vandalism: Willful destruction or defacement of school or personal property.
- **9000** Other offenses (Forgery, Fraud, Bribery): Any significant incident resulting in disciplinary action not classified previously. Offenses could include bribery, fraud, forgery, resisting arrest, gambling, extortion, or dealing in stolen property.

#### **VIOLENCE**

- **Aggravated Assault (Battery)**: Touching or striking of another person against his or her will or intentionally causing bodily harm to an individual. This category should be used when the attack is serious enough to warrant calling the police or security or when serious bodily harm occurs. Examples: Striking that causes bleeding, broken nose; kicking while a student is down.
- **1700 Fighting (Mutual Altercation)**: Mutual participation in an incident involving physical violence where there is no major injury.
- **1800 Harassment, Nonsexual**: Repeatedly annoying or attacking a student or group of students or other personnel which creates an intimidating or hostile educational or work environment. Examples: bullying or hazing.
- **2000** Homicide: Killing a human being.
- **2300 Kidnapping**: Unlawful seizure, transportation, and/or detention of a person against his/her will, or of a minor without the consent of his/her custodial parent(s) or legal guardian. This category includes hostage-taking.
- **Robbery (Involves Physical Harm)**: The taking of, or attempting to take, anything of value that is owned by another person or organization under confrontational circumstances by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear. A key difference between robbery and theft is that the threat of physical harm or actual physical harm is involved in a robbery.

- **School Threat (of Destruction or Harm)**: Any threat (verbal, written, or electronic) by a person to bomb or use other substances or devices for the purpose of exploding, burning, causing damage to a school building or school property, or to harm students or staff. Example: bomb threat.
- **2800 Sexual Battery**: Oral, anal, or vaginal penetration forcibly or against the person's will or where the victim is incapable of giving consent. Includes rape, fondling, indecent liberties, child molestation, and sodomy.
- **Threat/Intimidation**: Physical, verbal, written, or electronic action that immediately creates fear or harm without displaying a weapon and without subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

#### **WEAPON**

- **Handgun**: The weapon involved was a handgun or pistol. <u>Must result in an expulsion hearing before the board of trustees</u>.
- **Shotgun/Rifle**: The weapon involved was a shotgun or rifle. <u>Must result in an expulsion hearing before</u> the board of trustees.
- Other Firearms: The weapon involved was another type of firearm not named above, including zip guns, starter guns, and flare guns. As defined by the Gun-Free Schools Act, other firearms include:
  - Any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of any explosive;
  - The frame or receiver of any weapon described above;
  - Any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; and
  - Any destructive device, which includes:
    - Any explosive, incendiary (e.g., bomb, grenade), or poison gas;
    - Any weapon which will, or which may be readily converted to, expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or other propellant, and which has any barrel with a bore of more than one-half inch in diameter; and
    - Any combination of parts either designed or intended for use in converting any device into any destructive device described in the two immediately preceding examples, and from which a destructive device may be readily assembled.

Must result in an expulsion hearing before the board of trustees.

- **Knife, Blade 2.5" or Greater**: The weapon involved was a knife with a blade of **at least** 2.5 inches in length or **greater than** 2.5 inches in length.
- Dangerous Weapon: A weapon, device, instrument, material, or substance, animate or inanimate, that is used for, or is readily capable of, causing death or serious bodily injury, except that such a term does not include a pocket knife with a blade of less than 2 ½ inches in length. [Source: 18 U.S.C §930(g)(2)] If the weapon involved was a knife with a blade of 2 ½ inches in length or greater, report the incident under the Knife code above.
- **97 Other Weapons**: The incident involved a weapon other than those described above.

### **Location Codes**

- 100 On Campus: The incident occurred on school property or in a school building.
- **200** Off Campus: The incident occurred off school property or not in a school building.

### Perpetrator Codes

- **Student**: The perpetrator is an individual who is enrolled in an instructional program in the reporting school at the time the incident occurred.
- **Nonstudent**: The perpetrator is a nonstudent youth (e.g., dropout, student from another school).
- **999 Unknown**: The perpetrator is unknown.

### **Program Status Codes**

- 11 Regular Education: The student is receiving education services in the regular education program.
- **Special Education**: The student is a student with disabilities who qualifies for special education and related services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and in receiving those services in accordance with an Individualized Education Program (IEP).
- A Section 504 Plan: A plan developed to provide services and/or accommodations/modifications to a regular education student so that he/she may benefit from the education process. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 prohibits discrimination against individuals with disabilities, including students, parents and staff members. The IDEA defines as eligible only students who meet the criteria for specified types of impairments and who, because of those conditions, need special education and related services. Section 504, on the other hand, covers all students with disabilities. These students are defined as having any physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, including, but not limited to, learning.

A student who is eligible for special education and related services under IDEA will not have a Section 504 plan. Any accommodations necessary will be written into the student's IEP under IDEA.

- **B** Limited English Proficient: An individual who is aged 3 through 21, is enrolled or preparing to enroll in an elementary or secondary school, and:
  - a) who was not born in the United States or whose native language is a language other than English;
  - b) who is American Indian or Alaskan Native, or a native of the outlying areas; and who comes from an environment where a language other than English has had a significant impact on the individual's level of English language proficiency; or
  - c) who is migratory, whose native language is a language other than English, and who comes from an environment where a language other than English is dominant; and whose difficulties in speaking, reading, writing, or understanding the English language may be sufficient to deny the individual the ability to meet the state's proficient level of achievement on state assessments; the ability to successfully achieve in classrooms where the language of instruction is English; or the opportunity to participate fully in our society.

## **Race/Ethnicity Codes**

- American Indian or Alaskan Native: Any individual a) who is a member of a tribe, band, or other organized group of Indians, including those tribes, bands, or groups terminated since 1940, and those recognized by the state in which they reside, or who is a descendant, in the first or second degree\*, of such members, or b) is considered by the Secretary of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs or Indian Health Service, to be an Indian for any purpose, or (c) is an Eskimo or Aleut or other Alaskan native.
  - \*First degree refers to parents and second degree refers to grandparents.
- **Asian**: A person having origins of any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinents. This area includes, for example, China, India, Japan, and Korea.

- **Hispanic**: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.
- **O4** Black (not Hispanic): A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.
- **White (not Hispanic)**: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa or the Middle East.
- **Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander**: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii or the Pacific Islands. This area includes, for example, Guam, the Philippine Islands, Samoa, and Tahiti.

### **Suspension**

Montana Statute 20-4-302(5), MCA, states that in a district employing neither a district superintendent nor a principal, the teacher has the authority to suspend a pupil for good cause. And, when either a district superintendent or a school principal is employed, only the superintendent or principal has the authority to suspend a pupil for good cause.

Montana Statute 20-5-202(1), MCA, states that the trustees of a district must adopt a policy defining the authority and procedure to be used by a teacher, superintendent, or principal in suspending a student.

Montana Statute 20-5-202(3) states that a teacher, superintendent or principal must suspend immediately for good cause a student who is determined to have brought a firearm to school (until the board of trustees can act on the expulsion).

### **Victim Codes**

- **Student**: The victim is an individual who is enrolled in an instructional program in the reporting school at the time the incident occurred.
- **School Personnel**: The victim is employed at the reporting school at the time the incident occurred.
- **500** Other: The victim can't be identified in any of the listed categories for victims.
- **Nonschool Personnel**: The victim is an individual who does not attend or work for the school (e.g., parent, community member, volunteer).
- **None**: Use this code for incidents where no persons are victimized.